## State of Arizona

## COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL CONDUCT

|              | Disposition of Complaint 15-232 |
|--------------|---------------------------------|
| Judge:       |                                 |
| Complainant: |                                 |

### ORDER

The complainant alleged a superior court judge misapplied the law in a custody proceeding.

The responsibility of the Commission on Judicial Conduct is to impartially determine if the judge engaged in conduct that violated the provisions of Article 6.1 of the Arizona Constitution or the Code of Judicial Conduct and, if so, to take appropriate disciplinary action. The purpose and authority of the commission is limited to this mission.

The commission does not have jurisdiction to review the legal sufficiency of the judge's rulings. In addition, the commission found no evidence of ethical misconduct and concluded that the judge did not violate the Code in this case. Accordingly, the complaint is dismissed in its entirety, pursuant to Rules 16(a) and 23.

Dated: September 30, 2015

FOR THE COMMISSION

/s/ George A. Riemer

George A. Riemer Executive Director

Copies of this order were mailed to the complainant and the judge on September 30, 2015.

# The following is a complaint against the "Honorable" Judge County Court, Arizona. The statements below are facts from a Hearing at as well as events after the hearing and accurate as of

County Court - I was sitting in on court sessions being intrigued by I was observing how various attorneys act in front of the Judges as well as how judges respond and make decisions. I have sat through cases in County where I currently reside but visit my hometown to observe as well. On this day I viewed cases in the afternoon to which this case and decisions made there in were made with complete disregard to ARS statutes in effect when motions were originally filed. I have kept in contact with to follow case updates and she is unaware of my complaint.

The Case my complaint is based on is:

- Petitioner

and

- Respondent

Case

The events are as follows:

- Respondent attorney mentions fact that the Petitioner father filed objection unreasonably late Judge accepts objection of Petitioner which received notification of Respondent intent to relocate County on which he signed via certified mail with return receipt (ARS §25-408b). This gives notice (one and a half times the required ARS Statute in print at time of notification) prior to relocation with to object included. Petitioner father files which is days from time of on receipt via certified mail and return receipt signed acceptance. Per ARS §25-408c, the had davs from receipt to respond and object to the intent to relocate of which he was days outside of the allotted 30 days without a showing of good cause of which the Petitioner presented none.

- Respondents attorney informs court that Petitioner and Respondent: began speaking about relocation in The father offered various schedule modifications and later redacted the offers when attempted to file a motion with court, Petitioner acknowledges this as true. Respondent requested a Motion for Conciliation mediation on to work out a feasible schedule with similar parenting time as current order. Mediation was held on months after petitioned which Petitioner and Respondent could not come to an agreement. Judge acknowledges that Petitioner had ample time and notification of the Respondent Intent to Relocate yet did not file an objection through his attorney of himself.

Judge states she does not know how that was missed. and a hearing had not been set as states that a hearing will be set in the relocation of Respondent and - Judge county and would need to be done as soon as possible. Judge also advises court that a change in ARS Statute §25-408 had gone in to effect on lays after was served by Respondent mother and deadline to file an past the Petitioner an and her attorney that per objection) to which she would have to follow. Judge advises Respondent (modifications attached pertinent sections highlighted which actually hurt new ARS revision on logic and decision) that the child would be required to relocate back to Judge ARS that and enter school which had already been in session for However, per the cited, she was also incorrect in her decision as the only change was shortening Judge the required amount of notice given to other party from days to lays to relocate until a hearing on relocation could be held. Since the has a greater amount of parenting time and per Arizona is "Primary Residence" Support Enforcement, the Respondent Department of

- Respondents attorney advises Judge that a request had been made to have a hearing for relocation in

## ARS 25-408(F)(1)

"A parent with sole legal decision-making or a parent with joint legal decision-making and primary residence of a child who is required by circumstances of health, safety, employment or eviction of that parent or that parent's spouse to relocate in less than forty-five days after written notice has been given to the other parent may temporarily relocate with the child."

Judge states that the parties must come up with a temporary order which has in and be enrolled in a school until the court can assign a hearing on the matter. Respondent's attorney argued that the ARS Statute which he and his client followed had not yet been revised, the Arizona State Legislature site had not been updated to reflect such future changes, nor have local attorneys been advised of any changes. Respondent's attorney also argued that when notification was made to Petitioner the previous ARS statute was in full effect under Arizona laws which allowed to move until a hearing could be held which she had made a request to the court for a hearing in

fault that she followed current ARS Statutes and the court took It is in no way the Respondent made hearing prior to the request for a months to set a while the prior ARS §25-408 Statutes were in full effect. There is no way for an individual to predict in what ARS statutes will change to if and when they do, especially when there is not notification on the Arizona State Legislature under the Statute in question regarding an upcoming change therefore a party must page as well as published literature available to follow the current ARS on the Arizona world is going to be turned upside down and a hearing will attorneys. Judge states the be set as soon as possible and the child will need to reside in per current order.

\*With the logic given by this Judge, the Legal community would have a difficult time making charges valid if said charges followed current ARS Statutes at time of crime when arrest was made and filed but due to a single or even multiple ARS revisions prior to the court date due to a prolonged wait time, different charges would need to be brought or perhaps the original charges no longer applied.\*

and though unjust the Respondent - Parties meet after the event on agrees to a home and takes from the school from was to start temporary order which removes the in which while this event was being heard the student was meeting new The on has also had an opportunity to meet with from school and with them because they reside in neighborhood. The respondent and had been living in this failure to respond she went on good faith per her and her neighborhood for month due to the attorneys interpretation of ARS §25-408 which was in effect at the time and her job in with benefits as well as offering of a quality after being offered a better position at school for her child to get a better education. In this temporary order, the Respondent's attorney also requested a hearing as soon as possible. The Judge signed this temporary order on days after the submission of the order.

- On Judge

made a minute entry which states:

"The court has reconsidered its findings as to the applicability of the Statutes effective The Court will issue findings and orders by separate order."

As of Judge had not provided separate orders and Respondent requested her attorney submit an "Emergency Motion" both requesting an Emergency Hearing (this is the Respondent for a hearing since on the matter) date as well as requesting Judge promised per her minute entry. (Minute Entry attached)

- On Judge signs Temporary Orders from the event which were filed with the court after orders filed leaving no ability to enforce) as well as assigns a Hearing date of days after request of "EMERGENCY Motion for Ruling, and Setting of Permanent Hearing and Temporary Orders Hearing"). Judge failed to provide promised per the Emergency Motion request submitted by Respondent attorney for Judge to fulfill her promise. This statement was made as a minute entry and initialed by her thus making this a legal admissible court document.

----The information above is a factual account from the
hearing along with events to date since the Judges blatant disregard to her duty as Judicial
representative by disregarding Arizona Law and creating her own laws in her courtroom.---

this Judge has continuously sided in From what I understand from conversations with Respondent has failed to uphold court orders made by said Judge such as favor of Petitioner despite the fact payments and Benefits to name just a few instances. The Petitioner accepts these late responses attorney is religiously late with responses and Judge without "good cause" as per ARS Statutes requirement. The Petitioner and attorney request information in these late responses regarding all personal information of the Respondent and those she is around yet will not divulge the requested information regarding the same in their lives and hires a private investigator to attain the information. The Judge appears to show a complete disregard to the benefit of involved in cases and her actions on this case as well as other cases will show this. If the Commission reviews this case and most other cases under this Judge in their entirety it will find Judge poor decision making based the on facts provided to the court showing a complete disregard to ARS Statutes which are the laws in which the Judge took an oath of office swearing to uphold said laws of which her sole job is to enforce and follow.

Attached are the minute entries from the and hearing of which I have obtained a copy of, and a print off showing dates filed from Courts Case search page for a list of dates to show the speed in which this court process its cases. Having to request a hearing times for a court to act and for a Judge to make promises of orders and not follow through brings a bad taste to the Arizona Judicial System and should be addressed immediately. This fails to meet the Arizona Judicial Branch Court Services Division Vision:

# "To serve the Arizona Judiciary and the public as a trusted leader and partner."

If the Court division is that "over loaded" as told to local attorneys, perhaps: 1) A second Judge should be assigned to help alleviate the case load, 2) The current Judge should follow the ARS statutes and in good faith look at the facts provided in the case when making decisions, 3) Make decisions which truly benefit the given said facts in the case while abiding by ARS Statutes, this will help minimize the case load in this court simply because the law is followed and parents who are following the law and honestly providing in the best interest of would not have to continuously seek court action to provide a healthy and nurturing environment for their

Again, the parties involved in this case are unaware of the complaint being made and I wish to remain anonymous to them due to the possibility of being in the court under this Judge in the future. I do not want retaliation brought on myself or the Respondent for pointing out Judge unjust interpretation of Arizona Law and creating her own laws. Any findings in this complaint please send to the Respondent attorney:

Address:

Email:

Phone:

Thank you for your review in this matter, I hope justice can truly be served in this case as well as in others under this Judge.

"Law, without force, is impotent.

Signed,