State of Arizona

COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL CONDUCT

Disposition of Complaint 15-239	

Judge:

Complainant:

ORDER

The complainant alleged a superior court commissioner made improper rulings and displayed inappropriate demeanor in a probation revocation proceeding.

The responsibility of the Commission on Judicial Conduct is to impartially determine if the commissioner engaged in conduct that violated the provisions of Article 6.1 of the Arizona Constitution or the Code of Judicial Conduct and, if so, to take appropriate disciplinary action. The purpose and authority of the commission is limited to this mission.

The commission does not have jurisdiction to review the legal sufficiency of the commissioner's rulings. In addition, the commission found no evidence of ethical misconduct and concluded that the commissioner did not violate the Code in this case. Accordingly, the complaint is dismissed in its entirety, pursuant to Rules 16(a) and 23.

Dated: October 7, 2015

FOR THE COMMISSION

/s/ George A. Riemer

George A. Riemer Executive Director

Copies of this order were mailed to the complainant and the commissioner on October 7, 2015.

CONFIDENTIAL
State of Arizona
Commission on Judicial Conduct
1501 W. Washington Street, Suite 229
Phoenix, Arizona 85007

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY					
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COMPLAINT AGAINST A JUDGE

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1.7			

Judge's Name:

Instructions: Use this form or plain paper of the same size to file a complaint. Describe in your own words what you believe the judge did that constitutes judicial misconduct. Be specific and list all of the names, dates, times, and places that will help the commission understand your concerns. Additional pages may be attached along with copies (not originals) of relevant court documents. Please complete one side of the paper only, and keep a copy of the complaint for your records.

TO STAFT, DN	the Judge
intentionally dis	responded my Due Process
rights by using (a	1) my Historical priors
sarinst me, KNOW	ing that any prior
CAN	not be used to aggranate
MUBENTENCE, I be	lieve that because of who
Tused to be, an	d my he judges parformance cruive quilt. Not once
prejudiced to	he judges partornance
and duty to deta	rnive quilt. Not once
did he ask it I w	Jas still an
Mambet. This vie	lates Canon 2,3.
- Than, hearing	from my attorney that,
"UDDN returning	Gram an Out- of- state
transfer. Mr.	From my attorney that, From an Dut-of-state couldn't find a resi-
densein	County, so (we) took him
down to	County, and he com-
pleted his paral	e. Upon completion of his
parole, he did co	e. Upon completion of his putaet the Probation
DEFILE. He WAS 1	WEN told to Go to
County, while th	ere, he found a place
and a ibb. The	ere, he found a place, he was told to go to
Howava	, they didn't want him.
So he returned	to County and
innediately re	ported to his Arabation (Sutimued on 2-A)
'	(CONTINUED BN Z-A)

officer.

My attorney basically stated I tollowed all the rules and did what I was told to do, let, Judge would not have it. He decided I was quilty without re-viewing (any) Probation records, signin forms or phone records of mine or the Probation office, to verify the facts. This is a violation of Canon 2.9 (C).

Based on the above violation, Judge had a duty to chack the Prosecutors howesty, and evidence. Let he didn't. This is a violation of Canan 2,15 (b)(d).

Taking action to address misconduct on detense attorney or proseentor, is a Judge's obligation, especially when there was no tactual evidence that I violated probation. Why would counsel state that I bollowed all the rules if I didn't? Prosecutorial or Probation office misconduct, it should have raised a Cred Hag. I guoring or deaving known misconduct undermines the Judges responsibility to a fair heaving, and results in prejudice, and this violates my 14th Constitutional Amendment right to Due Process of law, i.e. a fair hearing.

Finally. Judge stated,

Mr. What kind of langwage is this from a Judge? This was
Not dignified or courteous. This was
criticism at its worst. This simply
may imply a judicial expectation
in future cases that (all) defendants
be criticized. Yet, we know this does
Not happen, all the time, to all defendants. This impairs the Judge's
ability to be fair and impartial. This
is a violation of not only Canon
2.8 (b), Comment (2) but the 5th Constitutional Amendment to; The right to
be treated equal.

Based on this complaint, Judge violated, the first rule of the Code of Official Conduct, rule 1.1.

Conclusion:
Judge

1) Will Ful Misconduct in Office, 2)

(2-8)

A persistant Exilure to pertorn his duties, in my case alone, 3) A violation of the Code of The icial Conduct:

I am requesting that not just an investigation be conducted, but that Formal Charges be brought against him for violating my 1422 Constitutional rights, and that he be removed from the bench perminently, to ausid this happening to others.

Evidence in support, see Disposition Hearing/Probation Revocation, pgs 7, Line 13 through Line 19 of pg 8, and pgs9-10.