

The Statute

- ✓ 12-136. Indian tribal courts; involuntary commitment orders; recognition
 - ✓ A. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, an involuntary commitment order of an Arizona tribal court filed with the clerk of the superior court shall be recognized and is enforceable by any court of record in this state, subject to the same procedures, defenses and proceedings for reopening, vacating or staying as a judgment of the court. The Arizona supreme court may adopt rules regarding recognition of tribal court involuntary commitment orders. The state, through the attorney general, shall be given notice of the filing at the time the commitment order is filed and shall have five days from receipt of the written notice of the filing of the order to appear as a party and respond. A patient committed to a state mental health treatment facility under this section shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the state.
 - ✓ B. Decisions regarding discharge or release of a patient committed pursuant to subsection A shall be made by the facility providing involuntary treatment. Ten days prior to discharge or release, the state mental health treatment facility shall notify the tribal court which issued the involuntary commitment order of the facility's intention to discharge or release a patient. Any necessary outpatient follow-up and transportation of the patient to the jurisdiction of the tribal court, within the time set forth in the notice, shall be provided for in an intergovernmental agreement between the tribe and the department of health services.
- 



The Rules of Procedure for Enforcement of Tribal Court Involuntary Commitment Orders

Rule 1. Applicability

These rules govern the procedure for recognition and enforcement by the superior court of an involuntary commitment order of the court of any federally recognized Indian tribe within the State of Arizona, as authorized by A.R.S. § 12-136. Determinations regarding recognition of the **tribal court commitment** order pursuant to these rules have no effect upon the independent authority of the tribal court order. Whenever reference is made to the proposed patient in these rules, it means the person who is the subject of the **tribal court commitment** order.

Rule 2. Filing Procedure and Fees

(a) Documents to be Filed. A copy of the tribal court order, authenticated in accordance with the procedures of the tribal court, may be filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court in a county in which the tribal court has jurisdiction within 30 days of its entry in the tribal court. The order shall be accompanied by a signed and notarized statement from the appropriate tribal court officer stating that no subsequent orders vacating, modifying or reversing the order filed have been entered by the tribal court and that the order has not been stayed pending appeal. The clerk shall treat the tribal court order in the same manner as an order of involuntary commitment issued by the superior court of this state.

(b) Notice of Filing. The person filing the order shall promptly serve a notice of filing substantially similar to Form I of these rules and a copy of the **tribal court commitment** order on the proposed patient or the patient's guardian or representative and the Attorney General of the State of Arizona. Proof of service shall be filed with the clerk of the superior court.

(c) Fees. There shall not be a fee for filing a tribal court order under this rule.





Rule 3. Responses

Any responses to the enforcement of the tribal court order shall be filed within 5 days of receipt of the notice of filing the order. If a response is filed within this time period, the enforcement proceeding under this rule shall have the same priority as a civil commitment proceeding originating in the superior court. The superior court may, in its discretion, set a time period for replies and/or set the matter for hearing.

Rule 4. Appointment of Counsel

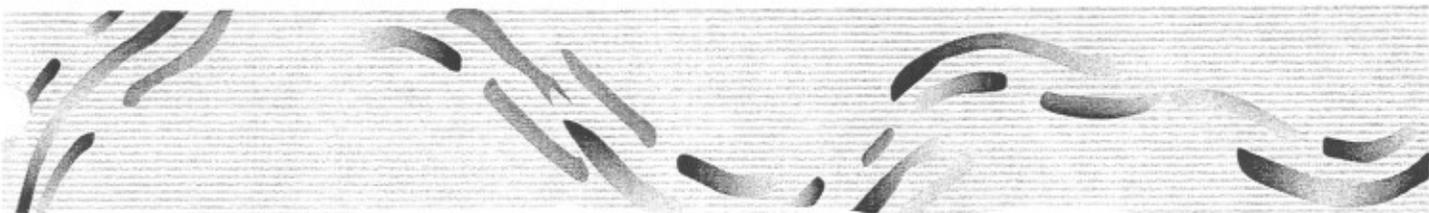
If a response is filed, the court may, in its discretion, or at the request of the proposed patient, appoint counsel to represent the proposed patient at any enforcement proceedings.

Rule 5. Enforcement of Tribal Court Commitment Order

(a) Certification by the Clerk of Court. If no responses are timely filed, the next court day after the expiration of the time period to respond the clerk shall, on a form substantially similar to Form II of these rules, issue a certification that no responses were timely filed, and the tribal court order shall be enforceable in the same manner as if issued by the superior court.

(b) Standard of Review Following Response. The superior court shall not assess the validity of the tribal court order, but shall only assess its consistency with A.R.S. § 12-136 and these rules. A **tribal court commitment** order which contains all of the findings indicated in these rules shall be enforced subject to the same procedures, defenses and proceedings for reopening, vacating, or staying as a judgment of the superior court. The superior court judge shall attempt to resolve any issues raised regarding a tribal court order by contacting the tribal court judge who issued the order. If enforcement of an order is denied due to incomplete findings or unresolved issues regarding those findings, the superior court judge shall specifically state the reasons for the denial.





(c) Findings Required in the Tribal Court Order. The tribal court order shall be enforceable if it contains the following findings:

1. The legal and factual basis of the tribal court jurisdiction over the civil commitment proceedings and over the proposed patient.
2. The proposed patient received notice of the civil commitment proceeding and the allegations regarding the patient's mental condition and had the opportunity to be heard with the assistance of a person recognized by the tribal court as competent to represent the proposed patient.
3. Based upon the diagnosis by a licensed physician, the proposed patient suffers from a mental disorder as defined by Arizona law which renders the proposed patient a danger to self, a danger to others, persistently or acutely disabled and/or gravely disabled.
4. The treatment ordered is the least restrictive treatment which meets the needs of the proposed patient, and the proposed patient is unable or unwilling voluntarily to receive this treatment.

(d) Other Information Required in the Tribal Court Order. To aid in enforcement and sending required notices, the tribal court order shall include the following information:

1. The title, address and county of the tribal court entering the order of involuntary commitment.
2. The date the tribal court order was entered.
3. The name, address and location of the proposed patient.
4. The names and addresses of any attorneys, guardians or other persons with legal standing to represent the proposed patient and a brief statement of their authority and relationship.
5. The tribal official authorized to receive service under these rules and the address at which service may be made.

(e) Commitment Period. The period of commitment shall not be enforceable for a longer period of time or in a manner different than permitted by Arizona law and shall commence on the date the tribal court order was entered.





Rule 6. Rehearing and Review

(a) Rehearing. In the event enforcement of a tribal court order is denied, any affected person may move for a rehearing within 20 days after the denial. Any supplemental or revised tribal court orders shall be attached to the motion. A copy of such motion shall be served upon all parties to the original proceeding. A response to the motion may be filed within 5 days of receipt of notice of the motion for rehearing.

(b) Review and Administration Following Commitment. All proceedings following the commitment of the proposed patient shall be governed by Arizona law. Any documents filed with the court regarding the proposed patient shall be served upon the tribal official designated for receipt of service in the tribal court order.

