JIPS

The information presented in this section characterizes individual youth (unduplicated). For those youth who were placed or continued on Intensive Probation more than once during the fiscal year, information from the first instance during the time frame is reported.

Table 8.1 shows the distribution of youth across the counties in Arizona. Demographic and offense specific information are also presented in subsequent tables.

JIPS is a sentencing consequence used by the juvenile court judges for those youth who are in need of a higher level of supervision and a structured programing. The program was enacted into law in 1987. The intent of this legislation was to create a program which would allow juvenile delinquents to remain at home under increased supervision and structure rather than be placed at ADJC. Financial considerations weighed heavily in the formation of the program, as JIPS is a less costly alternative than ADJC.

JIPS differs from standard probation in the increased frequency of face to face contacts between the juvenile and the JIPS officer, the requirement to actively participate in 32 hours of structured activities per week, the liberty restrictions concerning unsupervised time out of the home, random drug testing, and the lower caseload ratio. Additional information about the program is available in the JIPS Annual Report. The figures reported in the JIPS Annual Report may differ from those reported in Juveniles Processed because the JIPS Annual Report includes all juveniles whose cases were active during the fiscal year. The Juveniles Processed report includes only juveniles dispositioned to JIPS during the fiscal year.

Since FY 05, the number of juveniles placed on JIPS has decreased by 14.1%. This decrease compares with a decrease in the number petitions of 5.8% over the same time period.

Table 8.1 Cou	unty: Disposition to	JIPS FY09
Apache	6	0.32%
Cochise	90	4.82%
Coconino	67	3.58%
Gila	31	1.66%
Graham	14	0.75%
Greenlee	13	0.70%
La Paz	4	0.21%
Maricopa	737	39.43%
Mohave	96	5.14%
Navajo	51	2.73%
Pima	198	10.59%
Pinal	137	7.33%
Santa Cruz	33	1.77%
Yavapai	119	6.37%
Yuma	273	14.61%
TOTAL	1,869	100.0

Table 8.2 Gender: Disposition to JIPS FY09			
Male	1,622	86.78%	
Female	247	13.22%	
TOTAL	1,869	100.0	

Table 8.3 Age:	Disposition to JIPS	FY09
8	0	0.00%
9	0	0.00%
10	0	0.00%
11	6	0.32%
12	19	1.02%
13	73	3.91%
14	182	9.74%
15	349	18.67%
16	576	30.82%
17	660	35.31%
Unknown	4	0.21%
TOTAL	1,869	100.0

Table 8.4 Ethnicity: Disposition to JIPS FY09			
Hispanic	936	50.08%	
African American	187	10.01%	
Anglo	642	34.35%	
Native American	87	4.65%	
Asian/Pacific Islander	15	0.80%	
Other	1	0.05%	
Unknown	1	0.05%	
TOTAL	1,869	100.0	

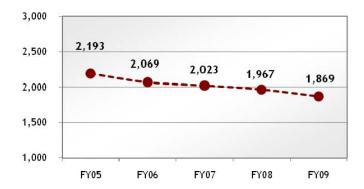
Table 8.5 Education Status:	Disposition t	to JIPS FY09
Enrolled	999	53.45%
Not Enrolled	317	16.96%
Expelled	21	1.12%
Suspended	33	1.77%
Withdrawn	39	2.09%
Graduated	15	0.80%
GED Program	11	0.59%
Unknown	434	23.22%
TOTAL	1,869	100.0

Table 8.6 Number of Prior Referrals: Disposition to JIPS FY09			
0	78	4.17%	
1	103	5.51%	
2	155	8.29%	
3	192	10.27%	
4	224	11.99%	
5	202	10.81%	
6	173	9.26%	
7	156	8.35%	
8 or more	586	31.35%	
TOTAL	1,869	100.0	

Table 8.7 Severity of Most Serious Offense: Disposition to JIPS FY09			
Felonies Against Person	183	9.79%	
Felonies Against Property	425	22.74%	
Obstruction of Justice: Felony & Misdemeanor	849	45.43%	
Misdemeanors Against Person	56	3.00%	
Drugs: Felony & Misdemeanor	150	8.03%	
Public Peace: Felony & Misdemeanor	131	7.01%	
Misdemeanors Against Property	53	2.84%	
Status Offenses	4	0.21%	
Administrative	18	0.96%	
TOTAL	1,869	100.0	

Table 8.8 Offense Class of Most Serious Offense: Disposition to JIPS FY09			
Felony	956	51.15%	
Misdemeanor	319	17.07%	
Violations of Probation & Ordinances	573	30.66%	
Status	4	0.21%	
Other	17	0.91%	
TOTAL	1,869	100.0	

Juvenile Intensive Probation (JIPS)



For FY02 through FY09 data, refer to the graphs on page 5.