Prepared by Council Support Staff:

Court Services Division - Domestic Relations Unit Administrative Offices of the Courts Arizona Supreme Court 1501 West Washington, Suite 411 Phoenix, Arizona 85007

${\it CHILD SUPPORT COORDINATING COUNCIL SUBCOMMITTEE}$

THIRD QUARTER REPORT 1999

Table of Contents

List o	f Members
Third	l Quarter Report 1999
	Membership
	<i>Meetings</i>
	Workgroup Reports
	Future Council Meetings

CHILD SUPPORT COORDINATING COUNCIL SUBCOMMITTEE Members

Co-Chairs: Senator David Petersen - Senate

Vacant - House

Honorable Linda Aguirre David Norton

Arizona State Senate Noncustodial Parent

Honorable Mark Armstrong

Domestic Relations Judge (Urban)

Honorable Michael Jeanes

Clerk of the Superior Court

Jodi Beckley Nancy Mendoza

Executive Assistant IV-D Child Support Director

Governor's Office DES Division of Child Support Enforcement

Noreen Sharp William Hurst

Office of the Attorney General

Division Chief Joint Custody Parent

David K. Byers Honorable David Ostapuk

Administrative Director of the Courts Family Law Section - Executive Committee
Arizona Supreme Court State Bar of Arizona

Bryan Chambers Honorable Rhonda Repp

County Attorney's Office (Rural) IV-D Commissioner

John Clayton Honorable Rebecca Rios

Director Arizona House of Representatives
Department of Economic Security

Honorable Robert Duber II Chuck Shipley

Domestic Relations Judge (Rural)

Business Representative

Laura Elmer Bianca Varelas

Custodial Parent County Attorney's Office (Urban)

Conrad Greene Vacant

Noncustodial Parent Appointed by House Speaker

CHILD SUPPORT COORDINATING COUNCIL SUBCOMMITTEE

THIRD QUARTER REPORT 1999

Membership

The Council continues to have two vacancies, one for a legislative co-chairperson and one for a custodial parent, both appointed by the Speaker of the House.

Meetings

One Council meetings was scheduled during the third quarter, August 26. However, that meeting was postponed to October 4 to allow additional time for the workgroups to meet.

Workgroup Reports

♦ Family Violence Indicator

This workgroup met several times during the third quarter of 1999. The group studied the provisions and requirements of Section 453(b)(2), 42 U.S.C. 653(b)(2), the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. The group examined how the State IV-D agency and the courts will coordinate in the implementation of a Federal mandate in terms of placing a non-disclosure indicator on the Federal Case Registry via the State Case Registry. PROWORA provides that no FPLS information will be disclosed to an authorized person if the State has notified the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services that: 1) the State has reasonable evidence of domestic violence or child abuse; and 2) the disclosure of such information could be harmful to the parent or that parent's child. The workgroup has also focused on how to best protect the interest of all parties.

The following statutes have been discussed but no formal recommendations have been made:

Title 25:

- The definition of "support" should be consistent with Federal law.
- Defining or clarify the terms "payor" and "obligor". Both are used in statute. The same term should be used throughout the statute if there is no difference in these terms.
- Define or clarify the use of the terms "arrears" and "arrearages". Both are used in statute interchangeably. The same term should be used throughout if there is no difference in these terms.

A.R.S. § 25-810. Grandparent Liability for Child Support. The statute is unclear in terms of:

- 1) how to calculate a grandparent's liability for support of a minor child living with them, and;
- 2) what is meant by joint & several liability in this statute.

The statute implies that it is fair to assess child support against grandparents who are willing to aid the parent by allowing the grandchild(ren) to live with them, but not to assess child support against non-custodial grandparents.

The group is also discussing how support should be established or modified when there are multiple families and child support orders with the same obligor.

The following recommendations will be made to the Council:

Amend A.R.S. §§ 25-502(c) and 25-681(a). These two statutes relate to child support arrest warrants and findings of contempt in child support arrearage cases. The workgroup recommends amending A.R.S. § 25-502(c) by changing the word *shall* to *may* to be consistent with A.R.S. § 25-681(a). Secondly, the workgroup recommends cross referencing A.R.S. § 25-681(c), the child support arrest warrant statute, to A.R.S. § 25-502(c). These two disparate statutes appear in different articles of Title 25 although they deal with similar issues.

Page 2

Amend A.R.S. § 12-910(c) Judicial Review of Administrative Decisions. This statute relates to the use of judicial review of administrative decisions by executive branch agencies. These are cases in which a person has appealed an administrative decision by DCSE to the Superior Court. Under current law they have a right to a jury trial. This has the potential to overwhelm Family Court. Additionally, the courtrooms are not equipped to deal with jury trials. Currently there is no right to a jury trial in other Title 25 proceedings. The workgroup recommends adding the following clause to the last sentence of A.R.S. § 12-910(c) "except if the review is of a decision pursuant to A.R.S. 25-522." Parties would maintain their right to an appeal to Superior Court without the provision for a jury trial.

Amend 25-504(h). This issue is referred to as the "26/52" issue. Under existing law, employers who pay their employees on a bi-weekly basis, 26 times per year, can sometimes unfairly cause child support arrearages to accrue. The workgroup recommends: 1) amending A.R.S. § 25-504(h) by deleting the second sentence which authorizes the prorated method of withholding child support. Deleting this provision would not prohibit this method, it would simply suggest that monthly child support be withheld, and 2) amending A.R.S. § 25-510(c) which is the statute that sets the hierarchy of payments. The statute allows arrearages to accrued unfairly.

Future Council Meetings

The next meeting of the Council is scheduled for October 4, 1999.