

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA

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In the Matter of: )  
 )  
ADOPTING THE RECOMMENDATIONS ) Administrative Directive  
OF THE DETENTION OPERATIONS ) No. 2021 - 05  
STANDARDS ADVISORY COMMITTEE )  
TO THE ARIZONA JUVENILE )  
DETENTION OPERATIONS )  
STANDARDS )  
\_\_\_\_\_ )

Administrative Order No. No. 2009-47 was entered on July 1, 2009. The Order established Section 6-311, Detention Operations in the Arizona Code of Judicial Administration, Part 6 Probation. Section 6-311, section D (1) states:

The administrative director shall establish a detention operations standards advisory committee. The committee shall consist of seven members appointed by the administrative director. The committee shall meet as needed to advise the administrative director concerning changes in the detention operations standards. The majority of the members shall constitute a quorum.

Administrative Directive No. 2020-13 re-established a standing Juvenile Detention Operations Standards Advisory Committee.

Pursuant to Administrative Directive No. 2020-13, the Detention Operations Standards Advisory Committee issued a written report in January 2021 recommending changes to existing standards of the juvenile detention operation standards.

Pursuant to ACJA § 6-311 D(5), the report was provided to the juvenile court directors for their review and consideration on January 14, 2021. The report was forwarded to the Committee on Juvenile Court (COJC) on January 28, 2021 and approved as written.

Pursuant to ACJA § 6-311 D(6), COJC forwards the report and all recommendations received and made by COJC and the juvenile court directors to the administrative director for consideration and action. Therefore,

IT IS ORDERED that the above-captioned provision, attached hereto, is adopted into the Arizona Juvenile Detention Standards effective April 9, 2021. All county juvenile detention centers which fall under the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court shall comply fully with the code section and standards adopted by the Administrative Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts by \_\_\_\_\_, 2021.

Dated this 9th day of April, 2021.

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DAVID BYERS  
Administrative Director of the Courts

<p align="center"><b>STATE OF ARIZONA JUVENILE DETENTION STANDARDS</b></p>	<p><b>Cross Reference:</b>  <b>ACA:</b> 3-JDF-1C-05, 06, 08, 09, 13, 14, 15  <b>NJDA:</b>  <b>RULE:</b> PREA 28 C.F.R. 115 et. seg.  <b>STATUTE:</b>  <b>ACJA § 6-106 H (1-4)(6-8)</b></p>
<p><b>Section: I A 2</b>  Administration/Management  <b>GENERAL ADMINISTRATION</b>  Hiring Qualification</p>	<p align="center">Adopted July 1, 2009   Revised February 15, 2011   Revised December 19, 2016</p>
<p>Objective:  <i>To promote proper screening and selection of applicants to ensure the hiring of qualified officers to work with the juvenile population.</i></p>	

**A 2.1** Each director of juvenile court services shall issue a policy regarding hiring qualifications for detention officers which includes a minimum age of 21 years of age, and at a minimum a high school diploma or a GED education requirements.

**A 2.2 to A 2.9 [No Changes]**

<p align="center"><b>STATE OF ARIZONA JUVENILE DETENTION STANDARDS</b></p>	<p><b>Cross Reference:</b>  <b>ACA:</b> 3-JDF-1G-01,02,03,04,05,06,07,08,09  <b>NJDA:</b>  <b>RULE:</b> PREA 28 C.F.R. 115 et. seg.  <b>STATUTE:</b> A.R.S. §§ 8-203; 8-305  <b>ACJA:</b> § 6-106</p>
<p><b>Section: I E 1</b>  Administration/Management  <b>CONTRACTORS AND VOLUNTEERS IN  <u>JUVENILE DETENTION</u></b>  Screening, Selection and Termination</p>	<p>Adopted July 1, 2009  Revised December 19, 2016</p>
<p>Objective:  <del>To ensure all volunteers are properly screened and orientated to the detention center's operations. To allow positive youth engagement and positive supports for youth in detention with utilization of volunteers, while ensuring the safety and well-being of detained youth.</del></p>	

**E 1.1** The director of juvenile court services shall ensure ~~that a volunteer program is in operation,~~ there are shall be a written policies and procedures governing the screening, orientation and termination of volunteers- ;

- a) If the volunteer serves on a long-term or continuous basis, and/or;
- b) Has contact with detained juveniles without detention staff present and/or;
- c) Has contact with detained juveniles outside of sight or sound supervision of detention staff.

**E 1.2** Volunteers who are escorted through the facility by detention staff and under sight and sound by detention staff at all times do not require screening unless deemed appropriate by the director of juvenile court services.

**E 1.3** Volunteers who meet the criteria in E 1.1 for screening and orientation ~~have direct contact with juveniles, without detention personnel present,~~ shall: ~~undergo a background check, consistent with Section 6-106 of the Arizona Code of Judicial~~ The background check shall include:

- a) Undergo a criminal history records check consisting of finger printing and a criminal history records check through the Arizona Criminal Justice Information System and the National Criminal Information Center in accordance with local policies. Disqualification criteria will be set by the director of juvenile court services
- b) ~~A criminal history records check through Arizona Criminal Justice Information System and the National Criminal Information Center ;~~

~~e) Fingerprinting, and;~~

b) Undergo a Records check with the Department of Child Safety Central Registry.

c) complete an orientation to the detention facility operations that shall include but not be limited to:

- i) Physical Facility;
- ii) Related policies and procedures;
- iii) Schedule of required training and scheduling;
- iv) Code of Conduct, and;
- v) PREA

~~E 1.3 Volunteers who have direct contact with juveniles shall complete the training as outlined in section I B 3.4(s) for detention officers. The department shall maintain documentation confirming that volunteers understand the training they have received. Volunteer shall complete an orientation to the detention facility operations that shall include but not limited to:~~

~~a) Physical Facility;~~

~~b) Related policies and procedures;~~

~~c) Code of Conduct;~~

~~d) Responsibilities under the department's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures;~~

~~e) The department's zero tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and;~~

~~f) How to report such incidents.~~

**E 1.4 to E 1.11 [No Changes]**

<b>STATE OF ARIZONA JUVENILE DETENTION FACILITIES</b>	<b>Cross Reference:</b>
<b>Section: I F 1</b>	<b>ACA:</b> 3-JDF-5A, 01 - 13
Administration/Management <b>ADMISSION SCREENING</b> Detention Screening Instrument	<b>RULE:</b> AZ Rules of Procedure Rule 23 (D) <b>STATUTE:</b> JJDP Act of 2002 as amended Public Law No. 93-415 (1974), A.R.S. §§ 13-501, 8-205
Objective: <i>To ensure consistent, objective criteria are utilized in <u>all counties</u> to screen juveniles to determine if they will be detained.</i>	Adopted April 4, 2011

~~F 1.1 The placement of pre-dispositional juveniles in detention imposes the highest level of restraint on personal liberty and, consequently, shall only temporarily occur when it is the least restrictive method available to protect public safety or reduce the flight risk of a court involved juvenile. Decisions to detain shall be consistent with current national standards and Best Practice models of juvenile rehabilitation. The director of juvenile court services shall ensure that the statewide detention screening instrument (DSI) and any override are completed before a juvenile taken into custody for an alleged delinquent act is placed in detention~~

~~F 1.2 Juvenile Courts shall develop plans regarding the use of detention. The plans shall include:~~

- ~~a) The development of a local written policy that defines the Purpose of Detention. The purpose(s) shall be risk based and not driven by the needs of a juvenile. The decision to detain and the length of detention shall be logically related to the seriousness of the violation or offense and the minor's risk to community safety, and shall be made within the context of an articulated system of graduated responses.~~
- ~~b) Alternatives to Detention (ATD) shall be considered and implemented when possible.~~
- ~~c) Acknowledgment that some juveniles may require detention but, also, recognition that there are inherent therapeutically based dangers of detention that shall be considered.~~
- ~~d) Decisions to detain juveniles shall be the result of an objective, consistent intake process.~~
- ~~e) Intake staff shall use the approved screening instrument to determine whether a juvenile will be detained or released.~~
- ~~f) Upon issuance of an Order by a judge to detain a juvenile, assigned staff shall immediately begin transition planning that will reduce the risk to public safety and facilitate release of the juvenile.~~

The criteria for detention established in this section shall govern the decisions of all persons, as required or prescribed by the presiding judge of the juvenile court, responsible for determining

whether detention is appropriate prior to the detention hearing based upon the results of the statewide DSI.

**F 1.3** ~~The director of juvenile court services shall ensure the development and utilization of a standardized risk assessment instrument (RAI), using Evidence based Practices (EBP), to determine whether a youth shall be detained when referred by law enforcement or other sources to the detention center. The RAI development is to be the result of collaboration between key stakeholders in the juvenile justice continuum and may include the Presiding Juvenile Court Judge, the Director or Chief Probation Officer, the County Attorney, Public Defender, Probation representation and other parties pertinent to the specific jurisdiction. Supervisory staff or a designee may override the statewide detention screening instrument for a juvenile whose point total does not meet detainment criteria, and the reason(s) for the override shall be clearly documented. When override usage exceeds 15% of total juveniles detained, the director of juvenile court services shall develop a plan to address over-usage of the override.~~

**F 1.4** ~~The RAI shall contain the following elements:~~

- ~~a) Identifying data that includes, at a minimum, the juvenile's name, JOLTS #, birth date, gender, race or ethnicity, date of referral, referring offense, referring agency and name of the staff completing the intake process.~~
- ~~b) A numerical scale that defines cutoff point ranges for low, medium and high risk juveniles.~~
- ~~c) Discrete sections that assign points based on the seriousness of the current referral, prior delinquent history, current legal status and aggravating or mitigating factors that have common, objective definitions utilized by each detention center in Arizona.~~
- ~~d) An Override section that permits detainment of a juvenile whose point total does not meet detainment criteria or release of a juvenile whose point total meets or exceeds the detainment requirement. Use of an override by staff requires prior supervisory (or designee not involved in the presenting intake process) approval and the reason(s) for the override shall be clearly documented on the RAI. (Override usage shall fall within the acceptable national standard of no more than 15—20% of total juveniles detained.)~~
- ~~e) Special detention cases may result in automatic detention, without the use of override, provided they meet accepted national standards, such as probation violations that include alleged delinquent offenses or arrest based on a warrant. Status offenses by themselves, as defined by Federal law, would not qualify as a special detention case.~~

**F 1.54** The director of juvenile court services shall ensure §staff responsible for intake screening ~~shall~~ receive initial and annual training to ensure accurate use of the RAI DSI.

**F 1.65** The director of juvenile court services or designee of juvenile court services shall ensure periodic internal review of the RAIDSI utilization practices to ensure appropriate decision-making and fidelity to the DSI model.

**F 1.76** The director of juvenile court services shall ensure the accurate collection of detention data consistent with statewide standards to include, at a minimum, total number of juveniles detained, gender, race and ethnicity, average length of stay, number of overrides used to detain or release juveniles and categorical reasons for detention. ~~This statewide data shall be reviewed periodically, but not less than annually, at the Juvenile Administrator's Meeting (JAM) and the Committee on Juvenile Courts (COJC).~~

~~**F 1.8** The director of juvenile court services shall insure Disproportionate Minority Contact (DMC) data shall be collected and reviewed at least annually at the JAM and the COJC to monitor the number of minority juveniles detained locally and statewide.~~

~~**F 1.9** The Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) shall evaluate each local RAI, allowing for sufficient data collection, with the goal of validation or adjustment of the instrument, if necessary, to achieve validation.~~

<b>STATE OF ARIZONA JUVENILE DETENTION STANDARDS</b>	<b>Cross Reference:</b> ACA: 3-JDF-4C-01, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25
<b>Section: II B 2</b>  Juvenile Services <b>HEALTH SERVICES</b> Health Screening	<b>NCCHC:</b> Y-E-02  <b>RULE:</b> <b>STATUTE:</b> A.R.S. §§13-3620, 36-402 (Generally)
<b>Objective:</b> <i>To ensure the identification and treatment of a juvenile's health conditions in need of immediate medical care.</i>	Adopted July 1, 2009  Revised December 19, 2016

**B 2.1** Any juvenile who is in need of emergency medical care due to serious injury, intoxication from alcohol or other drugs, or in need of detoxification services for alcohol or other drugs or emergency mental health intervention, shall not be admitted to detention. If a juvenile is presented for admission to detention with these conditions and in need of emergency medical care due to serious injury, intoxication from alcohol or other drugs, or in need of emergency mental health intervention shall not be admitted to detention. The staff person responsible for admissions to the facility shall refer the person delivering the juvenile to detention to a local medical facility to have the juvenile evaluated and treated. Subsequent admission of the juvenile to detention shall not occur unless written medical clearance is provided by a licensed physician or qualified behavioral health professional.

- a) A juvenile reporting use of alcohol or other drugs, or medical or mental health condition not requiring a referral to a local medical facility, shall be closely monitored by program staff and medical staff shall be notified immediately.
- b) A juvenile not reporting use of alcohol or other drugs, or medical or mental health condition, who exhibits behavior or symptoms that indicate possible alcohol or drug use or need for medical care, shall be closely monitored by program staff and medical staff shall be notified immediately.

**B 2.2** All juveniles shall be assessed at admission to determine their need for detoxification services for alcohol and other drugs. Interview questions and observations on the health screen shall be designed to detect such issues. Juveniles in need of detoxification services at admission shall not be admitted to the detention facility and shall be referred to a local medical facility. Juveniles who are subsequently medically cleared for admission shall be closely monitored by program staff.

- a) Juveniles who are subsequently medically cleared for admission shall be closely monitored by program staff;
- b) Upon return to detention, program staff shall notify the health authority and a plan of care shall be followed based on information refer the juvenile to a qualified

~~health care professional and a plan of treatment shall be instituted based upon the information contained in the medical clearance materials and received from the health authority.~~

- ~~e) A juvenile reporting significant use of alcohol or other drugs, but not requiring a referral to a local medical facility, shall be closely monitored by program staff and referred to the health services authority, if indicated.~~

**B 2.3** Upon admission, taking temporary care and control of a juvenile a health screening shall be conducted with every juvenile by designated staff trained by a licensed medical professional in the collection of health related information who shall inform juveniles of their duty to report suspicion or knowledge of physical or sexual abuse and confidentiality limitations. The health screening shall consist of structured interview and observations. Information obtained through the health screen shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a) Mental health problems, including diagnosis, therapist and hospitalization histories;
- b) Level of risk to gesture or attempt at suicide as determined by a suicide risk assessment instrument;
- c) Current illness and health ~~problems~~ conditions including pregnancy and chronic diseases including tuberculosis, sexually transmitted diseases and other infectious diseases;
- d) ~~Questions structured to identify behaviors that place the juvenile at high risk for contracting HIV/AIDS and an informed consent procedure to request that the juvenile agree to be tested.~~
- e) d) Current use of medication, including type, dosage, diagnosis and prescribing physician;
- f) ~~Dental problems;~~
- g) ~~Vision problems;~~
- h) e) Use of alcohol or other drugs, including types, amounts, frequency of use, last period of use and any problems experienced after discontinuing use;
- i) ~~For females, last menstrual period, any gynecological problems and pregnancies;~~
- j) f) Behavioral observations, including state of consciousness, mental status, appearance, conduct, tremors and sweating;
- k) g) Body deformities and ease of movement;

- l) h) Conditions of the skin, including trauma marks, bruises, lesions, jaundice, rashes, infestations, needle marks, or other indications of drug use;
- m) i) Allergies. (make detention manager or designee and food services aware of any known food allergies), and;
- n) j) ~~Health history, including hospitalizations and chronic disease(s)~~ Hospitalization within the last 30 days.

**B 2.4** ~~All health screenings conducted at admission shall be reviewed by licensed medical professional within 24 hours. Significant findings provided through the health screen shall result in an immediate referral by program staff to the health services authority. Any interim health care instructions provided by the health services authority shall be documented and followed by program staff~~

**B 2.5** If the juvenile is admitted to detention, all health screenings conducted at admission shall be reviewed by licensed medical professional within 24 hours in person or via telemed. The licensed medical professional conducting the review shall immediately request medical records for  
~~Identification of any medical condition for which the juvenile's currently being, or was recently, treated, shall result in the immediate request by detention personnel for medical records from the identified source of treatment.~~ These medical conditions shall include, but not be limited to the following:

- a) Mental health disorders, including hospitalization and/or the administration of psychotropic medication.
- b) Injuries or illnesses requiring hospitalization.
- c) Communicable diseases, including tuberculosis, hepatitis and sexually transmitted diseases (STD's).
- d) For female juveniles, gynecological problems or pregnancy.

**B 2.6** Evidence of abuse, provided through observation or inquiry, shall be reported by program staff to ~~Child Protective Services~~ Department of Child Safety in accordance with A.R.S. § 13-3620.

~~**B 2.7** Significant findings provided through the health screen shall result in an immediate referral by program staff to the health services authority. Any interim health care instructions provided by the health services authority shall be documented and followed by program staff.~~

**B 2.8**7 Every juvenile shall be advised orally, and in writing, by the individual conducting the health screening of the procedures to access medical services while in detention.

- a) The procedures shall be written in terms that are easily understood by the juvenile.
- b) The procedures to access medical services shall also be communicated or provided in writing in the language(s) of non-English speaking juveniles that are admitted to the facility.
- c) The individual conducting the health screening shall have the juvenile sign off confirming he/she was advised his/her right to access medical care.

~~**B-2.9** The individual conducting the health screening shall have the juvenile sign off confirming he/she was advised his/her right to access medical care.~~

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>STATE OF ARIZONA JUVENILE DETENTION STANDARDS</b></p>	<p><b>Cross Reference:</b> ACA: 3-JDF-4C-07, 09, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25  NCCHC: Y-E-04  NJDA:  RULE: PREA 28 C.F.R. 115 et. seg. STATUTE: A.R.S. §§8-342(B), 36-402 (Generally)</p>
<p><b>Section: II B 3</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Juvenile Services <b>HEALTH SERVICES</b> Health Care Assessment</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Adopted July 1, 2009  Revised December 19, 2016</p>
<p><b>Objective:</b> <i>To ensure that a health assessment is conducted in a timely manner by a licensed medical professional to diagnose health problems and begin medical treatment.</i></p>	

**B 3.1** Every juvenile shall have a health assessment conducted by a licensed medical professional within fourteen days of admission, unless a more expeditious medical assessment is medically indicated. The health assessment shall include, but need not be limited to, the following:

- a) Review of the health screening results;
- b) Laboratory and/or diagnostic tests (as determined by the health services authority) to detect communicable diseases including sexually transmitted diseases(STD's), HIV, and tuberculosis, require an informed consent procedure requesting that the juvenile agree to be tested;
- c) Recording of height, weight, pulse, blood pressure, and temperature, other tests and examinations as determined by the health services authority;
- d) Physical health, mental health, dental, and gynecological assessments as determined by the health care authority, require an informed consent procedure requesting that the juvenile agree to be tested;
- e) Review of the results of the health assessment and tests, and identification of problems by a physician and/or designee when law allows such;
- f) Questions structured to identify behaviors that place the juvenile at high risk for contracting HIV/AIDS and an informed consent procedure to request that the juvenile agree to be tested;
- g) Questions structured to identify vision and dental problems;

- h) Health history, including hospitalizations and chronic disease(s), and;
- i) Initiation of treatment when appropriate.

**B 3.2 to B 3.4 [No Changes]**

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>STATE OF ARIZONA JUVENILE DETENTION STANDARDS</b></p>	<p><b>Cross Reference:</b> ACA: 3-JDF-3D-01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 07, 5F-01, 02, 03</p>
<p><b>Section: II D 1</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Juvenile Services <b>JUVENILE RIGHTS</b> Rights of Juveniles</p>	<p><b>RULE:</b> PREA 28 C.F.R. 115 et. seg., Rule 10, Rule 23 (B), Rules of Procedure for the Juvenile Court</p> <p><b>STATUTE:</b> U.S. Const. amend. I, VI, VIII, Arizona Constitution</p>
<p><b>Objective:</b> <i>To ensure the fundamental rights of juveniles as provided by the United States Constitution and the Arizona Constitution and state law.</i></p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Adopted July 1, 2009</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Revised December 19, 2016</p>

**D 1.1** The director of juvenile court services shall develop written policies and procedures to assure the rights of juveniles while in secure care, including, but not limited to:

- a) Freedom of speech: Restrictions on free speech shall be the least restrictive necessary to provide facility safety, security, and accomplishment of program aims;
- b) Religious activities: juveniles shall have the right to participate in religious activities and meet religious advisors on a voluntary basis. Religious activity may only be restricted if there is a compelling reason to maintain security and order. Juveniles who choose not to participate shall be offered an alternative activity. If they choose an alternative activity in their room and the door open, it will be considered leisure and not room confinement;
- (c) to (f) [No Changes]

<p align="center"><b>STATE OF ARIZONA JUVENILE DETENTION STANDARDS</b></p>	<p><b>Cross Reference:</b> ACA: 3-JDF-2C-12, 3E-01, 5A-02</p> <p><b>NJDA:</b> <b>RULE:</b> 23 (B)(4), Juvenile Court Rules of Procedures</p> <p><b>STATUTE:</b></p>
<p><b>Section: III A 4</b></p> <p align="center">Detention Operations <b>SAFETY, SECURITY AND CONTROL</b> Classification</p>	<p>Adopted July 1, 2009</p> <p>Revised December 19, 2016</p>
<p>Objective: <i>To identify juveniles who may require special attention from staff, have special needs based on their physical, emotional, or maturity level, and ensure that these needs are taken into consideration and met while the juvenile is detained.</i></p>	

**A 4.1 to 4.11 [No Changes]**

**A 4.12** ~~Every 30 days,~~ On a weekly basis, the detention administrator shall afford each juvenile described in III A 4.9 a review to determine whether there is a continuing need for separation from the general population.

<b>STATE OF ARIZONA JUVENILE DETENTION STANDARDS</b>	<b>Cross Reference:</b>
<b>Section: III A 8</b>  Detention Operations <b>SAFETY, SECURITY AND CONTROL</b> Behavioral Room Confinement	<b>ACA:</b> 3-JDF-3C-06, 07, 08, 3E-02, 03, 04, 05 <b>NJDA:</b> <b>RULE:</b> 23(B)(4), Juvenile Court Rules of Procedure <b>STATUTE:</b> A.R.S. §8-305(E)
Objective: <i>To ensure that room confinements are used only in circumstances when it is absolutely necessary and that specific procedures are observed to ensure juvenile safety and well-being.</i>	Adopted July 1, 2009  Revised December 19, 2016

**A 8.1** Room confinement is a method of behavior management when a juvenile is placed in a locked room. Room confinement shall be used as a temporary response to behavior that threatens immediate harm to others, destruction or damage to the facility or disruptive to programming. Room confinement shall not be used unless appropriate lesser means of intervention have failed to prevent or been determined as necessary to manage the behavior. Room confinement shall only be authorized by the detention administrator or a designee that is in a position of supervisory responsibility. Juveniles placed in their rooms during established sleeping hours, shift change or emergency situations is not considered room confinement.

**A 8.2 to 8.9 [No Changes]**

**A 8.9** A juvenile's or staff's requested time out is not considered a room confinement when it serves for the purpose of a cooling off period, with a duration time not to exceed 60 minutes. If a juvenile is not ready to rejoin the unit after 60 minutes, supervisor approval and documentation must be obtained to extend the time out or elevate to room confinement.

**A 8.10 [No Changes]**

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>STATE OF ARIZONA JUVENILE DETENTION STANDARDS</b></p>	<p><b>Cross Reference:</b> ACA: 3-JDF-3D-06 <b>NJDA:</b> <b>RULE:</b> <b>STATUTE:</b> A.R.S. §§ 8-201, 13-3623 (A)-(C), 13-3620</p>
<p><b>Section: III A 9</b>  Detention Operations <b>SAFETY, SECURITY AND CONTROL</b> Protection From Harm</p>	<p>Adopted July 1, 2009  Revised December 19, 2016</p>
<p>Objective: <i>To ensure that all juveniles held in a detention center are protected from harm. Detained juveniles have a constitutional right to personal safety.</i></p>	

**A 9.1** Acts of abuse against juveniles are prohibited. ~~See A.R.S. §§ 8-201, 13-3623 (A)-(C).~~

**A 9.2 to 9.25 [No changes]**