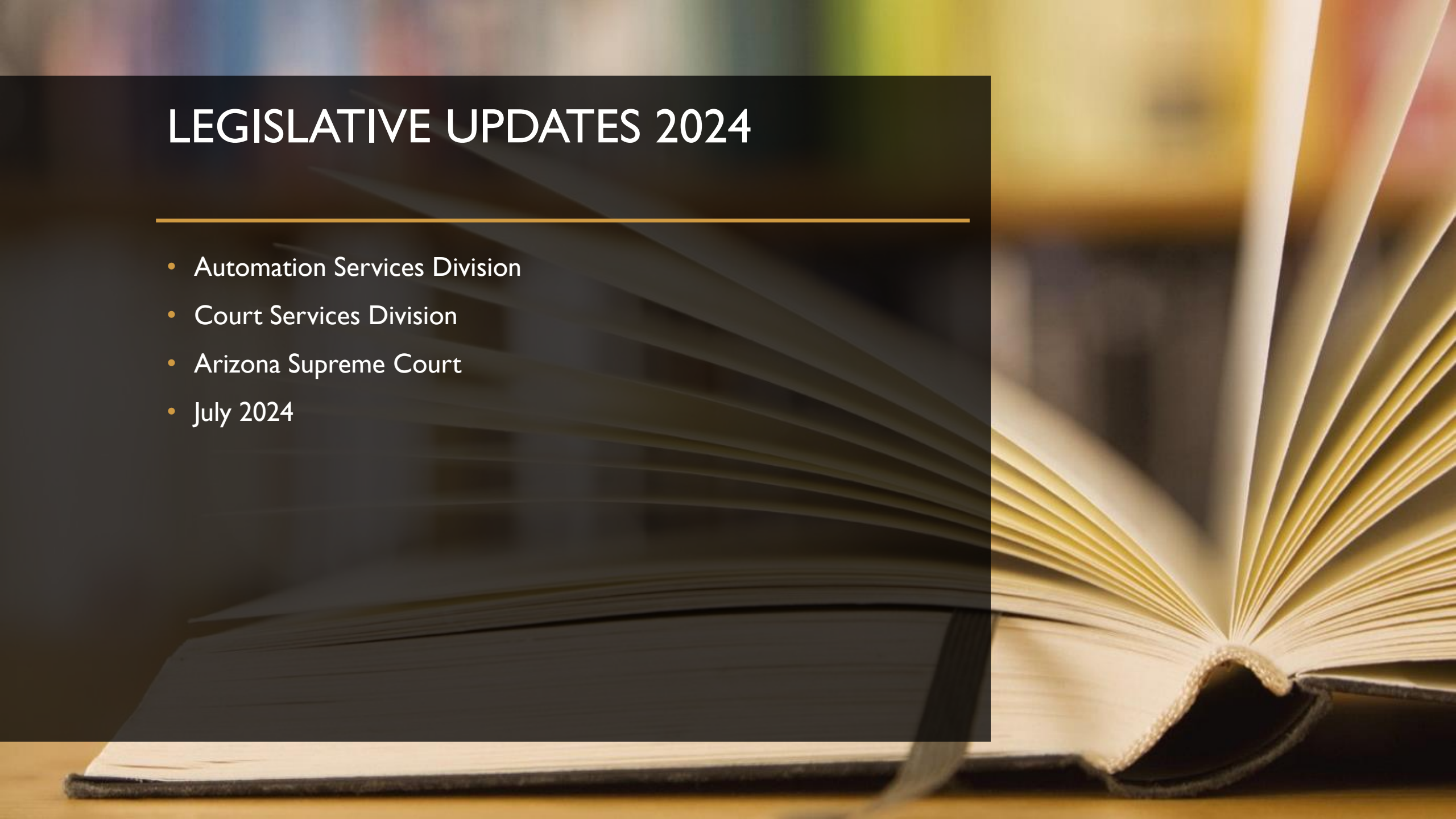


# LEGISLATIVE UPDATES 2024

---

- Automation Services Division
- Court Services Division
- Arizona Supreme Court
- July 2024



# 56<sup>TH</sup> LEGISLATURE – 2<sup>ND</sup> REGULAR SESSION

---

Emergency Effective Bills

General Effective Bills

Concurrent Resolutions: Ballot Measures

Automation Updates

**EMERGENCY  
EFFECTIVE DATE BILLS**

# CH. 193, LAWS 2024 (HB2394 - DIGITAL IMPERSONATION; INJUNCTIVE RELIEF; REQUIREMENTS)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court
- Establishes a cause of action for declaratory judgment of digital impersonation by a candidate or citizen of Arizona. The person bringing the action is entitled to obtain preliminary and permanent judicial declaration of injunctive relief.
- If an emergency order is being sought, courts shall rule on the petition within two days from the date that the petition is received by the judicial officer assigned to the case, excluding weekends and holidays.
- Additional Information and directions for civil coversheet found at [HB2394 Emergency Memo](#).
- Emergency Effective Date: 6/4/2024

# GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE BILLS

# GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE

---

The General Effective date for the 56<sup>th</sup> Legislature – 2<sup>nd</sup> Regular Session is September 14, 2024.

## CH. 3, LAWS 2024 (SBI059 - JUDGMENTS; INTEREST RATES)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior and Justice Court
- Amends the effective date of the prime rate, as published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, for the purpose of determining interest on judgments specified in statute.

# CH. 5, LAWS 2024 (SBI 436 - OFFENSES; LIFETIME INJUNCTION)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court
- Adds the following felony offenses to the list of offenses in A.R.S. § 13-719 for which a victim or prosecutor may request a lifetime injunction:
  - Aggravated assault involving strangulation or domestic violence as prescribed in A.R.S. § 13-1204, subsection B;
  - Voyeurism as prescribed in A.R.S. § 13-1424;
  - Stalking as prescribed in A.R.S. § 13-2923.

# CH. 5, LAWS 2024 (SBI 436 - OFFENSES; LIFETIME INJUNCTION)


---

- Forms listed below will be updated.
  - Petition for Lifetime No-Contact Injunction
  - Order for Lifetime No-Contact Injunction
  - Motion to Dismiss Lifetime No-Contact Injunction
  - Response
- Forms will be located at [Self-Service Center > Lifetime No-Contact Injunctions > Lifetime Injunction Forms \(azcourts.gov\)](#).

# CH. 5, LAWS 2024 (SBI 436 - OFFENSES; LIFETIME INJUNCTION)

---

- An updated [Lifetime Injunction – Quick Tips](#) document can be found on the [ACAP Training Webpage](#) under the **Post Adjudication Processes** section.

 <p><b>Post-Adjudication Processes</b></p>	<a href="#">Case Worksheet - Post Sentence Modifications - Quick Tips</a>
	<a href="#">Case Worksheet - Set Aside Scenarios - Quick Tips</a>
	<a href="#">Lifetime Injunction - Quick Tips</a>
	<a href="#">Sealing Criminal Records in AJACS</a>
	<a href="#">Post-Sentence Criminal Case Processing</a> <b>New!</b>

# CH. 13, LAWS 2024 (SBI 364 - PROBATION; TRANSFER)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court
- Allows a probationer at the time of sentencing or disposition for intensive or supervised probation to request to live in another county in the state during their probation if they can provide proof of family caregiving obligations, employment, housing or an offer of employment or housing that will assist in the probationer's positive behavioral change.

# CH. 29, LAWS 2024 (HB2191 - PROPERTY; CRIMINAL DAMAGE)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- States that a person commits criminal damage by recklessly physically obstructing a passageway, rather than parking any vehicle, in a manner that deprives livestock access to the only reasonably available water.



# CH. 36, LAWS 2024 (HB2454 - KINSHIP FOSTER CARE; HEARINGS; REPORTS)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court
- Requires the Department of Child Safety (DCS) to file relative identification and notification documentation at each review or permanency planning hearing, instead of at each subsequent hearing.

# CH. 39, LAWS 2024 (HB2511 - DIVERSION; JUVENILES; CONDITIONS)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court
- Adds participation in a religious program that is approved by the court to the list of conditions a judge may order for a juvenile's diversion. Participation in a religious program must be at the juvenile's option, voluntary, and may be substituted for one of the other existing diversion conditions. The purpose of the program may not include any effort to coerce the juvenile to adopt or change any religious affiliation or beliefs.

# CH. 47, LAWS 2024 (SBI 067 - DCS; GROUP HOMES; INVESTIGATIONS)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court
- Expands the definition of abuse, under A.R.S § 8-201, to include physical injury or serious emotional damage perpetrated by an employee of a child welfare agency where a child victim is placed that is licensed and contracted with the Department of Child Safety.

# CH. 56, LAWS 2024 (SBI 371 - POLICE REPORTS; TIME; COST REQUIREMENTS.)

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Allows a victim of domestic violence or a sexual offense or their attorney to request the court or the clerk of the court to provide, at no charge, the minute entry or portion of the record of any proceeding in the case that arises out of the offense committed against the victim and that is reasonably necessary for the purpose of pursuing a claimed victim's right ([A.R.S. § 39-127](#)).

CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE

01-23-1989 17:27 DAVIS, HEBEL & ELMER

INVESTIGATION	<input type="checkbox"/> OFFENSE BY ARREST	<input type="checkbox"/> COMPLAINT	IF MULTIPLE CLEARING OR I - CHECK NO.	IF VIOLATED	DATE
---------------	--	------------------------------------	---------------------------------------	-------------	------

# CH. 60, LAWS 2024 (SBI 675 - PRIOR FELONY CONVICTION; AGGRAVATED DUI)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Allows an aggravated driving under the influence (DUI) offense to be considered a historical prior felony conviction in prosecution for any new offense if the aggravated DUI was committed within five years immediately preceding the new offense.

# CH. 66, LAWS 2024 (HB2245 - NARCOTIC DRUGS; FENTANYL; SENTENCING)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court
- Increases the sentencing penalties for any persons involved with the possession, transportation, importation, and selling of narcotic drugs and fentanyl in an amount of 200 grams or more. Establishes a minimum sentence of 5 years, a presumptive sentence of 10 years and a maximum sentence of 15 years for first time offenders. Repeat offenders are sentenced to a minimum sentence of 10 years, a presumptive sentence of 15 years, and a maximum sentence of 20 years.

# CH. 85, LAWS 2024 (HB2045 - DANGEROUS DRUGS; DEFINITION; XYLAZINE)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Classifies xylazine as a dangerous drug under A.R.S. § 13-3401.
- Exempts licensed veterinarians who lawfully acquire, use, prescribe, dispense or administer any dangerous drug while acting during their professional practice, in good faith and in accordance with generally accepted medical standards from A.R.S. § 13-3407.



# CH. 86, LAWS 2024 (HB2064 - SCHOOL SAFETY ZONE; OFFENSES; SENTENCING)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court
- Allows the courts to impose an additional 5 years to the minimum, maximum, and presumptive sentence of a person who is in a “position of trust” that is convicted of committing sex trafficking, a sexual offense, or sexual exploitation of children. Current statute defines “position of trust” to include parents, guardians, teachers, coaches, clergy, relatives, employers, and employees of residential facilities, among others.

# CH. 97, LAWS 2024 (HB2508 - PUBLIC ALARM; FALSE REPORTING; CLASSIFICATION)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Adds initiating a report of a serious offense involving an educational institution or any place used for worship or religious services knowing that the report is false and intending that it will cause an emergency response to the crime of false reporting.
- New Violation: I 3-2907B (class 6 felony)

# CH. 102, LAWS 2024 (SBI034 - MONEY TRANSMISSION; NOTICE)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Requires a licensee that engages in the business of receiving money for transmission on behalf of consumers for personal, family, or household purposes to provide certain consumer fraud warnings.
- New Violations: 6-1235A & 6-1235B (class 6 felony)

A yellow Uber car is shown from the side, with the word 'UBER' printed in large black letters on the door. The car is parked on a paved surface with some fallen leaves. The background shows a brick wall and some greenery.

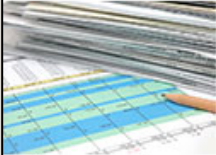
## CH. 101, LAWS 2024 (SB 1025 - DUI THRESHOLD; DRIVERS)

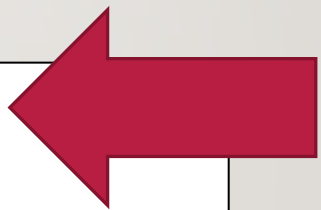
- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Makes it unlawful to operate a vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.04 or more while operating a vehicle for hire or providing Network Services as a Network Driver.
- New DUI Violation: 28-1381A5 (class 1 misdemeanor)

# CH. 101, LAWS 2024 (SBI 025 - DUI THRESHOLD; DRIVERS)

---

- An updated **DUI Sentencing Chart and Juvenile DUI Sentencing Chart** can be found at the [Automation Service Unit](#) under Sentencing Charts.

 <p>Sentencing Charts</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart and Juvenile DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 09/14/2024</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart and Juvenile DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 10/30/2023</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart and Juvenile DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 12/5/2022</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart and Juvenile DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 1/1/2019</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart and Juvenile DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 8/3/2018</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart and Juvenile DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 1/1/2016</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart and Juvenile DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 1/1/2015</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart and Juvenile DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 7/24/2014</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 1/1/2012</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 7/20/2011</li><li>• <a href="#">Juvenile DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 7/20/2011</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 11/24/2009</li><li>• <a href="#">Juvenile DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 11/24/2009</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 1/1/2009</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 9/26/2008</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 9/19/2007</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 9/21/2006</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 8/12/2005</li><li>• <a href="#">DUI Sentencing Chart</a> - Effective 12/27/2004</li></ul>
--	---





## CH. 109, LAWS 2024 (SBI 453 - DUI; LICENSE SUSPENSION; RECORDS)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Modifies the administrative process the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) and law enforcement agencies must follow when suspending or revoking a person's driver's license due to an offense related to driving under the influence (DUI).

# CH. 110, LAWS 2024 (SBI 558 - SCHOOL EMPLOYMENT; CRIMINAL CONVICTIONS; DISCLOSURE)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Requires a person applying for employment at a school district, charter school, or private school to disclose whether they have pled guilty to, pled no contest to, been convicted of, or are awaiting trial on: a dangerous crime against children; sexual abuse or sexual assault of a minor; an act committed in another state or territory that if committed in Arizona, would be a dangerous crime against children or sexual abuse or sexual assault of a minor; sexual conduct with a minor; any crime that requires a person to register as a sex offender; or a preparatory offense of these offenses.
- New Violations: 15-509A1, 15-509A2, 15-509A3, 15-509A4, 15-509A5, 15-509A6 (class 6 felony)

# CH. 122, LAWS 2024 (HB2521 - PARTITION; PROPERTY; INHERITANCE)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court
- Creates the “Uniform Partition of Heirs Property Act” (UPHPA). Requires the courts to determine whether the concerned property is “heirs property,” and if so, the courts must partition it in accordance with the UPHPA unless all cotenants agree otherwise. In a partition action, the plaintiff, who seeks to give notice of the partition by publication, is required to post and maintain a conspicuous sign on the property within 10 days after the court determines the property may be heirs property. Requires the sign to state the start of the partitioning process, identify the name and address of the court, and list any court required descriptions of the property.

# CH. 122, LAWS 2024 (HB2521 - PARTITION; PROPERTY; INHERITANCE)

---

- Requires the court to order an appraisal to determine the fair market value of the heirs' property unless all cotenants have agreed to the value of the property or to another method of valuation or the court determines that the evidentiary value of an appraisal is outweighed by the appraisal's cost.
- If the court orders an appraisal, it must appoint a disinterested party to determine the fair market value, notify all parties of the assessment, state that the appraisal is available at the Court Clerk's office, and state that an objection must be filed within 30 days of receiving the notice. Additionally, the court must conduct a hearing to determine the fair market value of the property within 30 days after a copy of the appraisal is provided to all parties.

# CH. 122, LAWS 2024 (HB2521 - PARTITION; PROPERTY; INHERITANCE)

---

- If any cotenant required partition by sale after the determination of the value, the court is required to notify all the parties that any cotenant (other than the cotenant who requested partition by sale) may purchase all of the cotenants' interests within 45 days after the notice is provided. Additionally, the court must set a date within 90 days after the notice was provided where all cotenants must pay their apportioned price.
- Requires the court to order a partition-in-kind if all interests of the cotenants are not bought by others and a cotenant has requested it, provided it doesn't prejudice any cotenant. If not partition-in-kind is ordered, then a partition by sale must be implemented.

# CH. 122, LAWS 2024 (HB2521 - PARTITION; PROPERTY; INHERITANCE)

---

- New GJ AJACS Event Codes:

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
4000043	PETITION: PARTITION OF REAL PROPERTY
4000044	ORDER: FOR APPRAISAL
4000045	ORDER: DETERMINATION OF VALUE
4000046	MINUTE ENTRY: DETERMINATION OF VALUE
4000047	REPORT: PROPOSED SALE OF REAL PROPERTY
4000048	NOTICE: OF APPRAISAL
4000049	NOTICE: FAIR MARKET VALUE
4000050	OBJECTION: TO APPRAISAL

# CH. 122, LAWS 2024 (HB2521 - PARTITION; PROPERTY; INHERITANCE)

---

- New GJ AJACS Appearance Reason Code:

<b>CODE</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
DOV	DETERMINATION OF VALUE

# CH. 113, LAWS 2024 (SBI 594 - AGGRAVATED ASSAULT; DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY; EXCEPTION)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Exempts an individual with a developmental or cognitive disability that impedes the formation of a culpable mental state from the aggravated assault penalty classification for assaults committed against a health care worker.

# CH. 147, LAWS 2024 (HB2486 - PARENT-CHILD RELATIONSHIP; RESTORATION)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court
- If a child's parent-child relationship has been terminated, allows DCS, the child, an Indian child's tribe, the child's attorney or guardian ad litem or the child's parent to petition for restoration of the parent-child relationship if specific conditions apply.

# CH. 147, LAWS 2024 (HB2486 - PARENT-CHILD RELATIONSHIP; RESTORATION)

---

- New GJ AJACS Event Codes:

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
4000038	PETITION: RESTORATION PARENT CHILD RELATIONSHIP
4000039	ORDER: RESTORATION PARENT CHILD RELATIONSHIP
4000040	MINUTE ENTRY: RESTORATION PARENT CHILD RELATIONSHIP

# CH. 147, LAWS 2024 (HB2486 - PARENT-CHILD RELATIONSHIP; RESTORATION)

---

- New GJ AJACS Appearance Reason:

<b>CODE</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
RPC	RESTORATION PARENT CHILD RELATIONSHIP

## CH. 170, LAWS 2024 (SB 1063 - POLITICAL SIGNS; REMOVAL; ELECTIONS)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Increases the timeframe in which it is a class 2 misdemeanor to knowingly cover, alter, remove, deface, or tamper with a political sign to 71 days before (rather than 45 days) and 15 days after any election. Specifies that this applies to any election, rather than separate time periods for primary and general elections. Time periods relating to political sign tampering also apply to signs that support or oppose a ballot measure, question, or issue, but only to the election at which the measure, question, or issue is scheduled to appear.



# CH. 175, LAWS 2024 (SBI 673 - MASTER JURY LIST; JUROR INFORMATION)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Amends the definition of master jury list to include the dates of birth and, if available, the telephone numbers and email addresses of eligible persons who reside in the county.

# CH. 176, LAWS 2024 (SBI 431 - RIGHT TO REDEEM; FORECLOSURE; SALE)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court
- Allows a property owner whose right to redeem is being foreclosed to have a sale of the property to cover excess proceeds. Allows a real property tax lien to be fully redeemed at any time after three years, but before the sale of the property for excess proceeds and provides for a partial payment refund. Lists actions regarding a judgment foreclosing the right to redeem and outlines the effects of court findings. Outlines the required contents of a notice of intent to file a foreclosure action. Provides remedies for errors, omissions, or an incomplete sale.

# CH. 181, LAWS 2024 (HB2677 - ABORTION BAN; REPEAL)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court
- Repeals the criminal penalty of between two to five years imprisonment for any person who employs any means to procure the miscarriage of a pregnant woman when it is not necessary to save the woman's life.
- Violation End Dated: 13-3603



## CH. 183, LAWS 2024 (SBI 376 - VEHICLE LOADS; RESTRICTIONS)

---

- Jurisdiction: Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Expands vehicle load restrictions to apply to a street or roadway pursuant to A.R.S. § 28-1098.
- Exempts a vehicle from vehicle load restrictions when the vehicle is being used for agricultural purposes on a farm.
- Description Change Only: 28-1098A (civil traffic)

# CH. 189, LAWS 2024 (HB2310 - CHILD ENTICEMENT; CLASSIFICATION; DEFINITION)


---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court
- Establishes child enticement as a criminal offense classified as either a class 5 felony or a class 4 felony depending on the relationship between the defendant and the victim.
- New Violations: 13-1430A1 & 13-1430A2 (class 5 felony and class 4 felony)

# CH. 208, LAWS 2024 (HB2438 - ADOT; CONTINUATION; ADMINISTRATION; LICENSING; PLANNING)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Changes the deadline for when a judge, referee, hearing officer, probation officer or other person responsible for the disposition of cases involving traffic offenses or civil violations committed by someone under 18 years old must report the offense or civil violation to ADOT to not more than 30 days after the date of conviction or finding of responsibility, rather than 30 days after the date the violation was committed.
- Prohibits ADOT from taking administrative action against a person's driving privilege or a vehicle's registration if a judicial officer reports a conviction or finding of responsibility to ADOT more than five years after the date of conviction or finding of responsibility.

A person wearing a helmet and protective gear is riding a blue and white ATV on a dirt trail. The background shows a natural landscape with trees and bushes under a clear sky.

## CH. 240, LAWS 2024 (SB 1567 - OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLES; EDUCATION REQUIREMENT)

---

- Jurisdiction: Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Establishes a driver's license and education requirement for the operation of an off-highway vehicle (OHV). Prohibits operating an OHV while consuming or possessing an open container of spirituous liquor.
- Description update for violation 28-1174A1, 28-1174A2, 28-1174A3, 28-1174A4, 28-1174B and 28-1174C.
- New violations 28-1179C and 28-3151C (civil traffic)

# CH. 244, LAWS 2024 (SBI 639 - SUBSEQUENT FELONY; SEALING CASE RECORDS)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Extends, from 30 days to 60 days, the timeframe during which the court may not grant a petition to seal case records to provide the prosecutor and all victims with an opportunity to object to the petition.
- Specifies that a petition to seal case records may not be granted if the petitioner has a charge pending that could result in a disqualifying criminal conviction and specifies the courts in which such petition must be filed.

# CH. 244, LAWS 2024 (SBI 639 - SUBSEQUENT FELONY; SEALING CASE RECORDS)

---

- Specifies that a person convicted of eligible offenses may petition to seal case records after all nonmonetary terms and conditions of the person's sentence have been completed.
- Stipulates that a petitioner must have paid all fines, fees and restitution ordered by the court at the time of filing the petition to be eligible to seal case records.
- Allows the prescribed timeframes that must pass before a person may file a petition to begin to run once the person completes all nonmonetary conditions of probation or sentence.

# CH. 244, LAWS 2024 (SBI 639 - SUBSEQUENT FELONY; SEALING CASE RECORDS)

---

- Forms listed below will be updated.
  - Instructions to Complete Petition to Seal Criminal Case Records
  - Petition to Seal Criminal Case Records(A.R.S. § 13-911)
  - Order Regarding Petition to Seal Criminal Case Records A.R.S. §13-911
- AJACS merge form for Order Regarding Petition to Seal Criminal Case Records A.R.S. §13-911 will be update.
- Updated forms will be located at [Sealing records \(azcourts.gov\)](https://www.azcourts.gov)

# CH. 244, LAWS 2024 (SBI 639 - SUBSEQUENT FELONY; SEALING CASE RECORDS)

---

- GJ & LJ AJACS Update Seal Record Review- 120 Days Tickler to 150 Days Tickler.

<b>NAME</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>DURATION</b>
SEAL RECORD REVIEW - 150 days	SEAL RECORD REVIEW 150 days petition to judge for ruling	150

# CH. 244, LAWS 2024 (SBI 639 - SUBSEQUENT FELONY; SEALING CASE RECORDS)

---


- GJ & LJ AJACS update merge form template for Order Regarding Petition to Seal Criminal Case Records A.R.S. § 13-911.


<b>FORM TITLE</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
<b>SEAL CRIMINAL CASE RECORDS</b>	ORDER REGARDING PETITION TO SEAL CRIMINAL CASE RECORDS A.R.S. §13-911

# CH. 244, LAWS 2024 (SBI 639 - SUBSEQUENT FELONY; SEALING CASE RECORDS)

---

- An updated **Sealing Criminal Records in AJACS** and **Post-Sentence Criminal Case Processing** document can be found on the [ACAP Training Webpage](#) under the **Post Adjudication Processes** section.

 <p>Post-Adjudication Processes</p>	<a href="#">Case Worksheet - Post Sentence Modifications - Quick Tips</a>
	<a href="#">Case Worksheet - Set Aside Scenarios - Quick Tips</a>
	<a href="#">Lifetime Injunction - Quick Tips Updated!</a>
	<a href="#">Sealing Criminal Records in AJACS</a>
	<a href="#">Post-Sentence Criminal Case Processing</a> <small>Ne</small>



# CH. 246, LAWS 2024 (SBI 680 - MINORS; MOTORCYCLE HELMETS; CITATIONS)

---

- Jurisdiction: Juvenile Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Permits a law enforcement officer to issue a citation for a violation of not wearing a protective helmet to an operator or passenger of a motorcycle, all-terrain vehicle or motor-driven cycle who is 16 or 17 years old.
- Current violations under 28-964A are now subject to a civil penalty of \$100 or community service if the person is 16 or 17 years of age at the time of the violation.
- New Violations: 28-964C1 and 28-964C2 (civil traffic)

# CH. 255, LAWS 2024 (HB2665 - CHILD SEX TRAFFICKING; FACILITATING PROSTITUTION)

---

- Jurisdiction: Superior Court, Justice Court, Municipal Court
- Adds a person convicted of sexual abuse (A.R.S. § 13-1404), sexual conduct with a minor (A.R.S. § 13-1405) or child sex trafficking (A.R.S. § 13-3212) to the current list of violations requiring the additional \$500 dangerous crimes against children assessment (A.R.S. § 12-116.07).
- \$500 dangerous crimes against children assessment (A.R.S. § 12-116.07) was originally implemented 1/1/2012 and allocates 100% to the Forensic Investigation Fund.
- New fee schedules will be added to LJ AJACS Courts. GJ AJACS should train staff to assess the Forensic Investigation Fund cost type when sentencing additional violations.

# CH. 255, LAWS 2024 (HB2665 - CHILD SEX TRAFFICKING; FACILITATING PROSTITUTION)

- GJAJACS Courts: If assessing the dangerous crime against children assessment manually through the Charges-Sentencing Screen select the cost type “Forensic Investigation Costs” and enter \$500.00 in the Cost Total column.

Cost	Cost Total	Waive	Suspend	Defer	Amount Due	Balance
▶ FORENSIC INVSTGTN COSTS	500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	500.00
Code	Description					
FFNTRYPST7	FILING FEE NOTARY - POSTAG	0	0	0	500.00	500.00
FIR	FORENSIC INTERVIEW					
97181E	FORENSIC INVSTGTN COSTS					
FTPWARFEE	FTP Warrant Fee					
GALR	GAL/EVALUATOR REIMBURSE					
9630GP	GPS MONITORING FEE					

**CONCURRENT  
RESOLUTIONS  
BALLOT MEASURES**

# SCRI 021 - SEX TRAFFICKING; CHILD; NATURAL LIFE

- The 2024 general election ballot is to carry the question of whether the Arizona State Legislature may implement a requirement that an adult who is convicted of a class 2 felony for any child sex trafficking offense, notwithstanding any other law, to be sentenced to natural life imprisonment without eligibility for any form of release.

# HCR2060 - BORDER; BENEFITS; FENTANYL; ILLEGAL ENTRY

- Submits a proposition to the voters, entitled the Secure the Border Act, establishing state criminal liability for a range of border-related conduct and certain existing drug offenses involving fentanyl that cause death. Prescribes various enforcement mechanisms for these border-related provisions and grants immunity to certain state personnel who enforce these provisions as part of their official duties.

# AUTOMATION UPDATES

---

All automation updates can be found at [Court Services > Automation Services Unit \(azcourts.gov\)](#).

# ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

---

AZ Supreme Court, End-of-Session Legislative Report:

<http://www.azcourts.gov/legislativeupdate/Home.aspx>

Arizona State Legislature: <http://www.azleg.gov>

Arizona Secretary of State: <http://www.azsos.gov/>

Arizona Criminal Justice Commission: [azcjc.gov/Programs/Criminal-Justice-Systems-Improvement/Criminal-Statutes](http://azcjc.gov/Programs/Criminal-Justice-Systems-Improvement/Criminal-Statutes)

# QUESTIONS?



- 
- Please contact the Support Center at 602-452-3900 or create a ticket with [RemedyForce Self Service](#).