

FILED

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NOEL K. DESSAINT
CLERK SUPREME COURT
BY *[Signature]*

SUPREME COURT OF ARIZONA

In the Matter of:)
ADOPTION OF RULES FOR THE ARIZONA)
APPELLATE SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE)
PILOT PROJECT)
and the)
USE OF JUDGES PRO TEMPORE IN)
DIVISION ONE, ARIZONA COURT OF)
APPEALS)

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER
NO. 95-59

Pursuant to Article 6, §§ 3 and 5 of the Arizona Constitution and A.R.S. § 12-147.A, it is

ORDERED adopting the attached Rules for the Arizona Appellate Settlement Conference Pilot Program for the period of January 1996 through June 1996.

Upon request of the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals, Division One, the Chief Justice may appoint judges *pro tempore* to act as settlement conference judges in accordance with A.R.S. § 12-146.

Dated this 16th day of November , 1995.

STANLEY G. FELDMAN, Chief Justice

**RULES FOR THE ARIZONA APPELLATE
SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE PILOT PROGRAM**

RULE 1. GOALS AND DEFINITIONS.

(a) Goals. The Arizona Appellate Settlement Conference Pilot Program (Program) is established to provide an alternative means for resolving certain civil appeals and to enhance public confidence in the appellate court system. To the extent resources are available to the Court, the Program shall provide parties to an appeal a forum and process to (1) realistically explore settlement of the entire case or issues in the case, (2) limit and simplify issues on appeal, and (3) aid the speedy and just resolution of the appeal. The Program shall be provided at no additional court costs to the parties beyond the normal appellate filing fees.

(b) Definitions.

(1) Court. "Court" means Division One of the Arizona Court of Appeals.

(2) Settlement judge. "Settlement judge" means a retired or active appellate judge or active member of the Arizona State Bar who has agreed to serve as a settlement judge for the Program. The Court shall maintain a list of settlement judges who shall be approved by and serve at the pleasure of the Chief Judge and the Arizona Supreme Court.

(3) Settlement conference attorney. "Settlement conference attorney" means an employee of the Court of Appeals designated by the Chief Judge of the Court to assist the Court in implementing the Program.

RULE 2. APPEALS TO WHICH THE PROGRAM APPLIES.

All appeals filed in Division One of the Arizona Court of Appeals are eligible for the Program except: (1) criminal appeals; (2) appeals involving habeas corpus petitions; (3) appeals in which a party is incarcerated; (4) appeals from juvenile court; (5) unemployment board appeals; (6) direct appeals from the corporation commission; (7) workers' compensation appeals; and (8) special actions.

RULE 3. PARTICIPATION IN THE PROGRAM.

(a) Selection of cases. Except as provided in part (b) of this rule, eligible cases shall be randomly selected for assignment to the Program. Within three days after payment of appellant's filing fee, the Court shall enter an order notifying the parties to a selected case that the case has been assigned to the Program. The order shall include the name of the settlement judge and shall instruct the parties to submit their Rule 4 settlement statements to the settlement judge in care of the settlement conference attorney at the Court of Appeals. The order shall stay the normal appellate briefing schedule pending completion of the settlement conference process. The order shall not stay payment of filing fees, posting of any bonds or filing of notices of cross-appeals or Civil Appeals Docketing Statements.

(b) Motion for participation. After a timely notice of appeal has been filed, but before the first brief is filed, any party who has paid an appellate filing fee for a Program-eligible case may submit a written request to the settlement conference

attorney for assignment to the Program. The request shall indicate the reasons the case should be assigned to the Program and attach a copy of the Civil Appeals Docketing Statement. If appellee is the requesting party and appellant has not yet filed a Civil Appeals Docketing Statement, appellee shall complete the Civil Appeals Docketing Statement Form and attach it to the request. Requests shall remain confidential and the requesting party need not serve the request upon the opposing parties. If the requesting party desires a stay of the appellate process pending completion of the settlement conference process, the request shall describe the status of the appellate process and what aspect of the process is sought to be stayed.

Within three days of receipt of a request for assignment to the Program, the settlement conference attorney shall determine whether the request should be granted. If the request is denied, the settlement conference attorney shall provide written notification of that denial to the requesting party. If the request is granted, the Court shall enter an order notifying all parties that the case has been assigned to the Program. The order shall include the name of the settlement judge and instruct the parties to submit their Rule 4 settlement statements to the settlement judge in care of the settlement conference attorney at the Court of Appeals. The order may indicate that all or part of the appellate process is stayed pending completion of the settlement process. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the order shall not stay payment of filing fees, posting of any bonds, filing of

notices of cross-appeals or Civil Appeals Docketing Statements or preparation of the index to the record on appeal.

(c) **Mandatory participation.** Participation is mandatory for all parties to appeals assigned to the Program.

RULE 4. SETTLEMENT STATEMENT.

The order of assignment shall instruct the parties to serve upon the settlement judge within ten calendar days from the date of the order of assignment a settlement statement in a form prescribed by the Court. To ensure confidentiality, the parties shall send their statements in an envelope marked confidential to the settlement judge in care of the settlement conference attorney. The statements shall not be filed with the Court, shall be confidential, shall not be placed in the Court of Appeals' case file, and need not be served upon opposing counsel. In no event shall the settlement judge or the settlement conference attorney disclose the statement or its contents to opposing counsel without the consent of the party submitting the statement. Upon submission of the settlement statements to the settlement judge, the parties shall file with the Court a notice of filing of settlement statement.

RULE 5. SELECTION OF SETTLEMENT JUDGE.

Upon assignment of a case to the Program, the settlement conference attorney shall select a settlement judge on a rotating basis from the list of settlement judges maintained by the Court. The parties will not be charged for the services of the settlement judges.

RULE 6. THE SETTLEMENT JUDGE'S AUTHORITY.

(a) **Settlement Judge's Role and Authority.** The role of the settlement judge is to facilitate the voluntary resolution of cases by assisting the parties and their counsel to come to an agreement. The settlement judge shall have no duty to make a recommendation for settlement of the appeal. The settlement judge is authorized to order conferences and request the parties to provide the settlement judge with additional information. The settlement judge has the authority to terminate the settlement process if the settlement judge believes the process is unproductive or that any party is not proceeding in good faith.

(b) **Orders.** After the initial conference, the settlement judge shall either enter an order setting another settlement conference in accordance with these rules, or enter a disposition order as provided in Rule 7(f).

(c) **Termination of stay.** Unless earlier terminated, all stays issued as part of the Program shall automatically terminate upon entry of an order returning the case to the appellate docket. Upon entry of the order returning the case to the appellate docket, the parties shall resume the normal appellate process.

RULE 7. THE SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE.

(a) **Scheduling of the conference.** The settlement judge shall schedule a conference to be held within ten days after the due date for submitting settlement statements.

(b) **Location of the conference.** Unless otherwise ordered by the settlement judge, all conferences shall be held at Division One

of the Arizona Court of Appeals in Phoenix.

(c) Attendance at the conference. The party or representative who is authorized to enter into a binding settlement agreement shall either attend the settlement conference in person or, with the authorization of the settlement judge on good cause shown, be immediately available to participate by telephone. The attorney with the most direct relationship with the client for the purpose of settlement shall also attend the settlement conference.

(d) Nature of the conference. The conference shall be an informal confidential meeting presided over by the settlement judge. The settlement judge shall have discretion to set the agenda and sequence of presentations and may deliver to the parties an agenda in advance of the conference. The initial settlement conference shall not exceed 90 minutes. The discussions at the settlement conference shall not be recorded.

(e) Completion of the conference. The settlement process shall be completed within three calendar days of the initial conference with the settlement judge unless the settlement judge extends the deadline for completion of the settlement process for a maximum period of seven additional calendar days.

(f) Disposition Order. Upon completion of the settlement process, the settlement judge shall either enter an order returning the case to the normal appellate process or enter an order indicating that the parties will file a stipulated motion to dismiss within ten days of the date of the order. If the stipulation is not timely filed, the Court will return the case to

the normal appellate process.

RULE 8. CONFIDENTIALITY.

(a) Communication Between the Court, the Settlement Judge and the Parties. The parties to a case selected for the Program, the settlement judge and any court employee who becomes involved in the Program in a particular case shall not communicate to anyone any matters or information discussed at or learned either during the conference or from the settlement statements. Such information shall be confidential, not discoverable and shall be inadmissible in evidence in any judicial proceedings.

(b) Documents. Except for the final report and orders of the settlement judge, no documents prepared for or received by the settlement judge or the settlement conference attorney as part of the Program shall be filed as part of the appellate case file with the Court, shall be served upon opposing counsel or parties or shall be disclosed to any person or party without the consent of the parties. Upon termination of the settlement process, the settlement conference attorney and the settlement judge shall destroy their files for that case. Such documents shall not be discoverable and shall be inadmissible in evidence in any judicial proceedings.

RULE 9. IMMUNITY.

Settlement judges, the settlement conference attorney and all other court employees involved in the Program shall be absolutely immune from suit for all conduct in the course of their official duties.

RULE 10. DISQUALIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE JUDGE.

Any person who participates as a settlement conference judge shall not thereafter participate in any way in the consideration or disposition of the appeal on its merits.

RULE 11. SETTLEMENT JUDGE'S FINAL REPORT.

Upon completion of the settlement process, the settlement judge shall prepare a final report to the settlement conference attorney to explain why the settlement process worked or did not work in that case. The settlement judge's final report shall be confidential and neither the settlement judge nor the settlement conference attorney shall disclose to or discuss with any third person the contents of such final report. The final reports may be used to compile information concerning the success of the Program provided that any statistic or report on the Program not identify particular cases, parties or attorneys.

RULE 12. TIME.

In computing any period of time prescribed by these rules or by order entered pursuant to these rules, the provisions of ARIZ. R. Civ. P. (6)(a) shall apply, unless the rule or an order expressly states otherwise.